

#	Question	Answer(s)
1	To Joana Carvalho: Are you aware of some studies or some existing initiative that would involve measures of sex.violence like e.g. national statistics of sex offences from police, or statistics of crise lines asn.?	Not at the moment. I believe the most reliable source would be Europol or United Nations reports.
2	To Joana Carvalho; do you think there could be any preventive actions to take in order to make people aware of the highest risk of sexual abuse (physical, emotional and sexual) to children? As a society is there anything we can do?	We must be aware of our local/national policies aimed at preventing this concern. Countries are working on measures of social awareness and strategies to facilitate report! Phone lines and websites are being created to facilitate report of such cases. As a society, we have to spread the word. As professionals, we have to work on prevention, and introduce this theme in schools and families.
3	To Joana Carvalho: Do you know about some new COVID related services offered from professionals/organizations to prevent sex violence against children (or women) during the lockdown (or some good media campaigns, or so) that could be taken as examples of good practice to implement?	WHO, UN, are launching debriefings on such topics. However, it takes local/national actions to implement preventive strategies. A short example: in Portugal, despite school lockdown, some schools keep receiving children for lunch. Also, school teachers were instructed to detect signs of maltreatment, during zoom meetings. This way, we can increase threat detection.
4	To Joana Carvalho: How do you diferentiate pornography associated to violence and abuse and pornography which is a useful means of pleasurable masturbation and safe sexual release which would be expected in confinement?	Pornography has no direct effect on violence. Instead, this relationship is mediated by third factors, such as personality factors, rape myths, etc. So, the key is not pornography itself (despite it may normalize aggressive behavior), the key relies on individuals' vulnerability factors. Sexual education would help to take the best out of pornography consumption.
5	To Paolo Capogrosso: In the first Chinese study, a substantial number of study participants showed increased sexual activity, and some of them even reported increased satisfaction. Did this study tackled this interesting observation as well?	they mainly focussed on the negative aspect although it is clear that probably those who were living with their partner were more likely to increase sexual activity
6	To Sharon Parish and Paolo Capogroos: about the positive sexual hearth practices we read on the news, (1) what about sexual intercourse wearing face masks? (2) Are there studies about the LGBTQ+ community?	
7	To Sharon Parish: Is there any study related to the effect of COVID-19 on infidelity?	

8	To Dolores Lamb: please comment on location/ prevalence of Ace2 expression in women..	
9	To Dolores Lamb: given the association of testosterone and possible increased morbidity, are you recommending men on testosterone therapy to reduce their dose or hold therapy as a preventive approach? How about COVID + patients?	
10	To Dolores Lamb: what preventive measures can reduce the negative impact of cars 2 on the male reproductive system?	
11	Is Covid virus sexually transmitted?	
12	Is there any evidence that coronavirus is more likely to be transmitted from women to men or from men to women?	
13	Has the frequency of STIs fallen during lockdown measures?	
14	Does Covid infection has any role on libido?	
15	The gender differnces in mortality from COVID are variable. Iran and Canada have published data showing no difference. What is going on?	
16	In Botswana there were high numbers of reported child sexual abuse cases during lockdown, what could be the main reason?	Some of the reasons for increasing sexual abuse of children during lockdown: 1) victims and offenders are confined together, 2) there are less security resources as most resources are now focus on the direct effects of COVID-19, 3) there is the chance of increased distress in offenders, and sex is often used to cope with distress, 4) also, under distress, sexual fantasies with minors can increase, increasing the risk of child sexual abuse.
17	So does this mean we should not be giving HRT? Are we killing Men by giving them more T?	
18	How important is switching to a harm reduction model regarding the T4DM study last week at ADA found that TRT prevents progression to T2DM? This will probably result in increased TRT prescribing. Surely preventing diabetes is more important than lowering T to possibly reduce Covid 19 risk.	
19	As 40% of deaths are in T2DM, we know that 40% of these have low testosterone. ADT increases the rate of diabetes and CVD by 23%. In the German study men had catastrophical low T levels and high oestradiol and these had poor outcome, so how does this fit?	
20	Is it safe to delay TRT em that period?	

21	so then HRT should be beneficial. As a competitive inhibitor of viral susceptibility for the Receptor???	
22	It appears that reduction in the quality of sex may be the consistent finding in most studies while findings on frequency vary quite a bit, is that the case?	
23	How easy was it to get ethical clearance for these studies given that they also needed to be done quickly?	
24	What preventive measures can reduce the negative impact of cars-2 on the male reproductive system?	
25	Is it possible that our questionnaires do not cover part of the changes in relationships (in times of lockdown). For instance the decrease in solo masturbation because the partner is always around.	
26	Is gender related mortality due to different oxygen requirements?	
27	What is the difference of Porn and hypersexuality	Hypersexuality refers to a pattern of repetitive and intrusive sexual thoughts, impulses, or behaviors. A significant number of hypersexual individuals present increased and out of control pornography consumption. Yet, most people using pornography do not present a problematic use of pornography and are not hypersexual. These are two distinct concepts!
28	Is there a higher risk of coronavirus transmission in LGBT groups?	
29	Has there been any research looking at activity levels within dating apps such as tinder, during covid lock downs and whether any meetings were arranged between users despite social distancing measures?	
30	What is the mutual relation between the sexual function and PTSD?	
31	Is there any study to assess the sexual activity in healthcare workers who are in the frontline to combat COVID-19, or those who are not ?	